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Stock Number: EQ1 766 words

# **GIFTS OF LIFE INSURANCE**

Life insurance is the one asset almost everyone has. For the young parent with limited dollars, it is a way to protect the family against economic loss in the event of a parent's premature death. For the business owner, it may provide dollars to buy out a deceased partner's interest or compensate for the loss of a key manager. For older individuals, it provides the liquidity needed to settle an estate and pay taxes.

Life insurance has another important use: it is a popular and practical way to make a significant gift to charity. Your gift to (*Charity*) will be wisely administered through out investigation of the source of t

## Q: What are the ways to give life insurance?

A: You can retain ownership of the policy and design to (*Full Name of Charity*) to receive all or a fraction of the death proceeds, or you can taking for ownership of the policy to (*Charity*), relinquishing all of your rights.

## Q: How do I make the death proceeds payable to (*Charity*)?

A: The simplest – and the preferred – way would be to name (*Charity*) as the beneficiary of the policy. (*Charity*) would then receive the proceeds at your death. Another way would be to make your estate the beneficiary of the proceeds and add a bequest in your will providing an equivalent amount for (*Full Name of Charity*). The disadvantage of this alternative is that the proceeds would be subject to probate taxes.

While neither method yields any bex credit during your lifetime, they both enable your estate to claim a credit on the final tax return after your death.

For example, Everett J makes the \$50,000 proceeds of his policy payable to (Full Name of Charity). When he dies, his estate will receive a domain of the state of the state will receive a domain of the state of the state will receive a domain of the state of the sta

## **Q:** Can a life insurance gift reduce my current income taxes?

A: Yes, if you transfer ownership of the policy to (*Full Name of Charity*). You will receive a donation receipt for the cash value of the policy which is creditable on your current year's return. If your donation receipt exceeds 75 percent of your net income, the excess may be carried forward up to five years. If premiums are still owing and you continue to pay them, you will receive donation receipts for those payments as well.

William N. gives a paid-up policy with a \$100,000 face value and a \$40,000 cash value. His donation receipt is for \$40,000, which results in a fax credit of \$18,560 (assuming a combined tax credit of 46.4-percent).

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### Q: What if I don't have an old policy to give?

A: You can take out a new policy in the name of (*Charity*) and spread the payments over a period of years. At your death, (*Charity*) will receive the full face amount of the policy. Meanwhile, you'll receive donation receipts for the premiums you pay, thus reducing your actual out-of-pocket cost.

David R, age 45, makes his gift through a \$150,000 "twenty-year-pay" policy. For twenty years he pays annual premiums of the early accompany accom

#### **Q:** Are there other ways to use insurance in charitable giving?

A: An insurance policy is a good way to provide "wealth replacement" when you donate an asset you might otherwise leave to your heirs.

At age 60, Marilyn D contributes \$100,000 to (**Charity**) and realizes tax savings of \$46,400 over the period she claims the donation receipt. She uses 22,000 of the savings to purchase a paid up \$100,000 policy. At her death it will go to her children, replacing the amount she gave to charity. Meanwhile, she still saves \$24,400 means through her gift.

## A GIFT OF LIFE INSURANCE --

It can be a fulfilling use for a no-longer-needed asset, or the way to make a generous future gift for a modest current cost.

Full Name of Charity Street Address City, Province, Postal Code Telephone Email Website

The purpose of this publication is to provide general information, not to render legal advice. In addition, changes in the tax structure may affect the examples presented here. You should consult your own lawyer or other professional advisor about the applicability of this information to your own situation.